

Series HRK/1

SET-2

Code No. **2/1/2**

Roll No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Candidates must write the Code on the title page of the answer-book.

- Please check that this question paper contains **12** printed pages.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains **11** questions.
- **Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.**
- 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

**SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT-II**  
**ENGLISH**  
(Language and Literature)

*Time allowed : 3 hours ]*

*[ Maximum marks : 70*

**General Instructions :**

(i) *The question paper is divided into three sections :*

**Section A – Reading**

**20 marks**

**Section B – Writing and Grammar**

**25 marks**

**Section C – Literature/Textbooks and Long Reading Text**

**25 marks**

(ii) *All questions are **compulsory**.*

(iii) *Marks are indicated against each question.*

[P.T.O.]



**SECTION – A**  
**(Reading Skills)**

**20 marks**

1. Read the passage given below.

8

Then all the windows of the grey wooden house (Miss Hilton used to live here. She expired last week.), were thrown open, a thing I had never seen before.

At the end of the day a sign was nailed on the mango tree : FOR SALE.

Nobody in the street knew Miss Hilton. While she lived, her front gate was always locked and no one ever saw her leave or saw anybody go in. So even if you wanted to, you couldn't feel sorry and say that you missed Miss Hilton.

When I think of her house I see just two colours. Grey and green. The green of the mango tree, the grey of the house and the grey of the high iron fence that prevented you from getting at the mangoes.

If your cricket ball fell in Miss Hilton's courtyard you never got it back. It wasn't the mango season when Miss Hilton died. But we got back about ten or twelve of our cricket balls.



The house was sold and we were prepared to dislike the new owners even before they came. I think we were a little worried. Already we had one resident of the street who kept on complaining about us to our parents. He complained that we played cricket on the pavement; and if we were not playing cricket he complained that we were making too much noise anyway.

One afternoon when I came back from school Pal said, "Is a man and a woman. She pretty pretty, but he ugly like hell". I didn't see much. The front gate was open, but the windows were shut again. I heard a dog barking in an angry way.

One thing was settled pretty quickly. Whoever these people were they would never be the sort of people to complain that we were making noise and disturbing their sleep.

A lot of noise came from the house that night. The radio was going at full volume until midnight when the radio station closed down. The dog was barking and the man was shouting. I didn't hear the woman.

On the basis of your understanding of the above passage complete the following statements :

1×8=8

(a) Nobody went into Miss Hilton's house because her front \_\_\_\_\_ .

(b) Her house had only two colours, (i) \_\_\_\_\_ and (ii) \_\_\_\_\_ .

2/1/2

3

[P.T.O.]

- (c) High iron fence did not let the boys get \_\_\_\_\_.
- (d) They never got it back if their \_\_\_\_\_ fell into her courtyard.
- (e) The boys were ready to dislike the \_\_\_\_\_ .
- (f) One resident of the street always \_\_\_\_\_ .
- (g) New owners of Miss Hilton's house were (i) \_\_\_\_\_ and (ii) \_\_\_\_\_ .
- (h) A man was shouting, a dog was barking, only \_\_\_\_\_ .

2. Read the passage given below :

12

During our growing up years we as children were taught—both at home and school—to worship the photos and idols of the gods of our respective religions. When we grow a little older, we were to read holy books like The Bhagwad Gita, Bible and Quran; we were told that there are a lot of life lessons to be learnt from these holy books. We were then introduced to stories from our mythologies which taught us about ethics and morality—what is good and what is bad. I also learnt to be respectful towards my parents who made my life comfortable with their hard work and love and care, and my teachers who guided me to become a good student and a responsible citizen.

Much later in life, I realised that though we learn much from our respective holy books, there is a lot to learn from our surroundings. This realisation dawned upon me when I learnt to enquire and explore. Everything around us—the sun, the moon, the stars, rain, rivers, stones, rocks, birds, plants and animals—teach us many valuable life lessons.

No wonder that besides the scriptures in many cultures nature is also worshipped. The message that we get is to save our environment and maintain ecological balance. People are taught to live in harmony with nature and recognise that there is God in all aspects of nature.

Nature is a great teacher. A river never stops flowing. If it finds an obstacle in its way in the form of a heavy rock, the river water fights to remove it from its path or finds an alternative path to move ahead. This teaches us to be progressive in life, and keep the fighting spirit alive.

Snakes are worshipped as they eat insects in the field that can hurt our crops, thus protecting the grains for us. In fact, whatever we worship is our helper and makes our lives easy for us. There are many such examples in nature, but we are not ready to learn a lesson. Overcome with greed, we are destroying nature. As a result we face natural disasters like drought, flood and landslides. We don't know that nature is angry with us.



However, it is never too late to learn. If we learn to respect nature the quality of our life will improve.

2.1 Answer briefly the following questions : 2×4=8

- (a) What are we taught in our childhood and growing up years ?
- (b) Why should we respect our parents and teachers ?
- (c) What message do we get when we worship nature ?
- (d) How does a river face an obstacle that comes in its way ?

2.2 Choose meanings of the words given below with the help of options that follow : 1×4=4

- (e) guided
  - (i) answered
  - (ii) advised
  - (iii) fought
  - (iv) polished
- (f) explore
  - (i) search
  - (ii) frequent
  - (iii) describe
  - (iv) request



- (g) valuable
- (i) proper
  - (ii) desirable
  - (iii) available
  - (iv) useful

- (h) harmony
- (i) beauty
  - (ii) friendship
  - (iii) discomfort
  - (iv) honesty

### SECTION – B

(Writing Skills with Grammar)

25 marks

3. There is a busy road in front of your school. A large number of students have to cross the road while going back home. They run a great risk. Write a letter in 100-120 words to the Editor, Navjiwan Times, Agra drawing attention of the concerned authorities to the problem. Make a request to mark a zebra crossing and to put traffic lights in front of your school. You are Amit/Anita, Class X, New Age Public School, Ram Nagar, Agra.

5

Or

2/1/2

7

[P.T.O.]



Write an article in 100-150 words on 'Importance of Morning Walk.' You are Amit/Anita. Use the following clues :

- makes you rise early
- fresh air
- blood rushes through your body
- energy for the day
- hungry for breakfast
- good for studies
- all day active

4. Write a story in 150-200 words based on the following outline : 10

a fox — hungry — went into a garden — looking for food — a grapevine — ripe grapes — jumped to pluck — couldn't reach — fell down — jumped again — fell down — tried again and again — failed — said grapes are sour — don't like them.

**Or**

Complete the story in 150-200 words which begins as the following :

Ram and Mohan, two brothers, studied in a village school. One day they were returning from the school. On the way there was a forest .....

2/1/2

8





5. Complete the paragraph given below by filling in the blanks with the help of options that follow : 1×3=3

Everyone is not in a position to (a) \_\_\_\_\_ the family and start living in a (b) \_\_\_\_\_ room on the banks (c) \_\_\_\_\_ the Ganga.

- (a) (i) leave  
(ii) leaves  
(iii) left  
(iv) leaving

- (b) (i) small  
(ii) smaller  
(iii) smallest  
(iv) little

- (c) (i) on  
(ii) in  
(iii) of  
(iv) off

6. The following paragraph has not been edited. There is an error in each line. Write the error and its correction as shown in the example. 1×4=4

	Error	Correction
We, there in India have so many	e.g. there	<u>here</u>
religions, we ate so many different	(a) _____	_____

foods, we wear so much different (b) \_\_\_\_\_  
kinds of dresses. Still we are much (c) \_\_\_\_\_  
united than any other country on (d) \_\_\_\_\_  
the world.

7. Rearrange the following words and phrases to form meaningful sentences. 1×3=3

- (a) brains of dogs / US / a university / studied the / in the /.
- (b) dogs used / like the humans / showed that / their brains / the study / .
- (c) understand words / part of / is used to / their brains / the left /.

### SECTION – C

**(Literature : Textbooks and Long Reading Text) 25 marks**

8. Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow : 1×3=3

“But I can get a hair-dye  
And set such colour there,  
Brown, or black, or carrot,  
That young men in despair  
May love me for myself alone  
And not my yellow hair.”

2/1/2

10



- (a) Who is speaking these lines ?
- (b) Why are young men in despair ?
- (c) What is the antonym of the word, 'despair' ?

**Or**

“Please don't shout ! You can shout yourself hoarse in your own house but here I must ask you to restrain yourself !”

- (a) Who is speaking and to whom ?
- (b) What is the dispute over ?
- (c) What does the word, 'restrain' mean ?

**9.** Answer the following questions in 30-40 words each : 2×4=8

- (a) What do the elders in Goa still love to remember ?
- (b) What are the three things that can't happen in a treeless forest ?
- (c) Why was Mathilda always unhappy after her marriage ?
- (d) How did Richard Ebright's mother help him ?

**10.** Answer the following question in 80-100 words : 4

Whenever we want to achieve something difficulties always come in our way. What did Valli have to do to go and ride in a bus ?

**Or**

Education is always a great asset in the life of a woman. How did Bholi, an educated girl, face the challenge posed by Bishambar's greed ?

**11.** Answer the following question in 150-200 words : 10

How did Miss Sullivan help Helen Keller when she was studying at Cambridge School ?

**Or**

Attempt a character sketch of Mr. Gilman.

**Or**

Describe the difference between Anne's and Margot's feelings for Peter.

**Or**

Why did Anne like her father more than she liked her mother ?

Marking Scheme

English

SET 2 (2/1/2)

Section-A (Reading Skills)

Q.1. **Objective: To identify the main points from the text.** 8

**Marking:** 8 marks – 1 mark for each correct answer.

No penalty for spelling, punctuation or grammar mistakes

**Answers**

- (a) gate/door was always locked
- (b) grey and green
- (c) mangoes /at the mangoes
- (d) ball/ cricket ball
- (e) new owners/new owners even before they came
- (f) kept on complaining/always complained
- (g) a man and a woman
- (h) the woman was quiet/silent/voice of the woman was not heard/I did not hear the woman.

Q.2 .**Marking:** - 12

**Qs (a) to (d) carry 2 marks each and from (e) to (h) each carry 1 mark each**

(a) to worship the photos and idols of our respective religions/stories from mythology/to read The Bhagwad Gita ,Bible and Quran.

(b)The parents made our lives comfortable with their hard work and care- the teachers guided us to be good students and good citizens.

(c) to save our environment and maintain ecological balance; to be progressive in life; to live in harmony with nature; to recognize that there is God in all aspects of nature.(Any two)

(d) fights to remove the obstacle or finds an alternate path

- (e)(ii) advised
- (f)(i) search
- (g)(iv) useful
- (h)(ii) friendship

### Section-B

(Writing Skills with Grammar)

#### Q.3. Letter / Article Writing

5

##### **LETTER**

Objective: - To use an appropriate style and format to write a formal/an informal letter.

Note: - No marks are to be awarded if only the format is given. Credit should be given for the candidate's creativity in presenting his/her own ideas.

Format - 1 mark

- i. Sender's address
- ii. Date
- iii. Receiver's address
- iv. Subject/Heading
- v. Salutation
- vi. Closing

Content - 2 marks

Expression – 2 marks

- Coherence and relevance of ideas and style – 1 mark
- grammatical accuracy, appropriate words and spelling – 1 mark

Value points : Individual writing the letter - problem –its consequence – solution  
(as given in the question)

or

### ARTICLE

Format - 1 mark

Title and writer's name

Content - 2 marks

Expression – 2 marks

- Coherence and relevance of ideas and style – 1 mark
- Grammatical accuracy, appropriate words and spelling – 1 mark

Value points : as given in the question paper (Any five)

### Q.4. Story Writing

10

Format - 1 mark

Title and moral of the story (1/2+1/2)

Creative Content – 5 marks Expression – 4 marks

- Coherence and relevance of ideas and style – 2 marks
- Grammatical accuracy, appropriate words and spellings – 2 marks

Suggested Value Points:

(The outline is given in the question paper)

Q.5. **Objective:** To use grammatical items accurately and appropriately. 3

Marking : 1 mark for each correct answer.

a)(i) leave      b) (i) small      c)(iii) of

Q.6. **Objective:** To use grammatical items accurately and appropriately. 4

Marking : 1 mark for each correct answer.

Error                      correction

a) ate                      eat  
b) much                    many  
c) much                    more  
d) on                        in

**Q.7. Objective: To reorder sense groups into syntactically coherent and complete sentences.**

3

Marking : 1 mark for each correct answer.

- a) A university in the US studied the brains of the dogs.
- b) The study showed that dogs used their brains like the humans.
- c) The left part of their brains is used to understand words .

Section –C

(Literature : Textbooks and Long Reading Text )

**Q.8. Objective: To test local and global understanding of the literary extract. 3**

Marking : 1 mark for each value point.

- a) The poet's friend .
- b) They are in love with the speaker./ They want to win the love of the speaker. (young woman)/ The speaker does not respond to their love .
- c) hope

or

- a) Natalya to Lomov
- b) over the ownership of Oxen Meadows.
- c) check / control

**Q.9. Objective: To test local and global comprehension, themes and ideas of the text.**

8

- a) good old Portuguese days ; loaves of bread ; makers of bread ; mixers, moulders , furnaces; baker's bamboo sounds
- b) empty forest – no bird ; no insect ; no sun (any other other relevant points)
- c) encouraged his interest in learning ; took him on trips ; bought him telescopes, microscopes, cameras etc.
- d) born into a family of clerks , no dowry , married to a clerk – but wanted to enjoy a life of luxury .





**Q.10. Value based Question**

4

Objective: To test local and global comprehension, themes and ideas of the text.

Marking : Content : 2 marks; Expression : 2 Marks

Move from general to specific .

One must be ambitious in life – Valli was so – a simple desire , to ride a bus- watched the bus, its schedule, listened to people’s conversation about their journey - fare - collected 30 paise (any other other relevant points)

or

importance of education in one’s life – the transformation – change in the quality of life- Bholi – her looks – neglected – sent to school , received encouragement from a teacher - got good education yet no marriage prospects - Bishambar’s greed – Bholi’s courage – bold step –confidence (any other other relevant points)

**Q.11. Objective: To test knowledge and appreciation of the text.**

10

Marking : Content : 6 marks; Expression : 4 Marks

Coherence and relevance of ideas and style – 2 marks

Grammatical accuracy and spellings – 2 marks

No material for the blind available – teachers going at their normal pace – Miss Sullivan’s help- Helen could keep pace – new subjects – spelled into her hand- finger alphabet- attended all classes with Helen – no embossed books available (any other relevant points)

or

Mr. Gilman – Principal Cambridge School - sympathetic towards Helen – knew her limitations- learnt finger alphabets for Helen – English literature – permission to study Maths – accommodating but rigid – Gilman’s view – Helen going too fast – Helen not well – Gilman made changes in schedule – Helen withdrew from school . (any other relevant points)

or

Margot thought of Peter as a friend , a brother – could not share thoughts – intellectually not equal – Anne thought otherwise – jealous –tells Margot , she admires Peter though can’t trust him (any other relevant points)

or

Father , more understanding than her mother – father could empathize - mother critical of her- mother unimaginative – always suspicious – generation gap, apparent more in the mother than in father. (any other relevant points)

\*\*\*